

Lecture 5 Review

[Q I] In the Examples

- In the examples, some inference rules are missing.

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} [y \mapsto 2, x \mapsto 1] \vdash x \Rightarrow 1 \\ [y \mapsto 2, x \mapsto 1] \vdash y \Rightarrow 2 \\ \hline [y \mapsto 2, x \mapsto 1] \vdash x + y \Rightarrow 3 \end{array}}{\frac{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2 \quad [y \mapsto 2, x \mapsto 1] \vdash x + y \Rightarrow 3}{[x \mapsto 1] \vdash \text{let } y = 2 \text{ in } x + y \Rightarrow 3}}{\frac{[] \vdash 1 \Rightarrow 1 \quad [x \mapsto 1] \vdash \text{let } y = 2 \text{ in } x + y \Rightarrow 3}{[] \vdash \text{let } x = 1 \text{ in let } y = 2 \text{ in } x + y \Rightarrow 3}}$$

[QI] In the Examples

- In the examples, some inference rules are missing.

$$\frac{[] \vdash 2 \Rightarrow 2 \quad [y \mapsto 2] \vdash y + 1 \Rightarrow 3}{[] \vdash \text{let } y = 2 \text{ in } y + 1 \Rightarrow 3} \quad \frac{[x \mapsto 3] \vdash x \Rightarrow 3 \quad [x \mapsto 3] \vdash 3 \Rightarrow 3}{[x \mapsto 3] \vdash x + 3 \Rightarrow 6} \quad \dots$$
$$\frac{[] \vdash \text{let } y = 2 \text{ in } y + 1 \Rightarrow 3 \quad [x \mapsto 3] \vdash x + 3 \Rightarrow 6}{[] \vdash \text{let } x = (\text{let } y = 2 \text{ in } y + 1) \text{ in } x + 3 \Rightarrow 6}$$

[Q2] About the Following Example

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let x = 7
in let y = 2
    in let y = let x = x - 1
              in x - y
    in (x-8)-y
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[Q3] How Can I Prove the Following?

let $x = \text{true}$ in $x \notin P$

where

P	\rightarrow	E
E	\rightarrow	n
		x
		$E + E$
		$E - E$
		iszero E
		if E then E else E
		let $x = E$ in E
		read

[Q3] How Can I Prove the Following?

The inference rules define a set S of triples (ρ, e, v) .

$$\boxed{\rho \vdash e \Rightarrow v}$$

$$\frac{}{\rho \vdash n \Rightarrow n} \quad \frac{}{\rho \vdash x \Rightarrow \rho(x)}$$

$$\frac{\rho \vdash E_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad \rho \vdash E_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\rho \vdash E_1 + E_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2} \quad \frac{\rho \vdash E_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad \rho \vdash E_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{\rho \vdash E_1 - E_2 \Rightarrow n_1 - n_2}$$

$$\frac{}{\rho \vdash \text{read} \Rightarrow n} \quad \frac{\rho \vdash E \Rightarrow 0}{\rho \vdash \text{iszero } E \Rightarrow \text{true}} \quad \frac{\rho \vdash E \Rightarrow n}{\rho \vdash \text{iszero } E \Rightarrow \text{false}} \quad n \neq 0$$

$$\frac{\rho \vdash E_1 \Rightarrow \text{true} \quad \rho \vdash E_2 \Rightarrow v}{\rho \vdash \text{if } E_1 \text{ then } E_2 \text{ else } E_3 \Rightarrow v} \quad \frac{\rho \vdash E_1 \Rightarrow \text{false} \quad \rho \vdash E_3 \Rightarrow v}{\rho \vdash \text{if } E_1 \text{ then } E_2 \text{ else } E_3 \Rightarrow v}$$

$$\frac{\rho \vdash E_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \quad [x \mapsto v_1]\rho \vdash E_2 \Rightarrow v}{\rho \vdash \text{let } x = E_1 \text{ in } E_2 \Rightarrow v}$$

then $\square \vdash \text{let } x = \text{true in } x \notin S$

where

$$\begin{array}{l} P \rightarrow E \\ E \rightarrow n \\ | \\ | \quad x \\ | \quad E + E \\ | \quad E - E \\ | \quad \text{iszero } E \\ | \quad \text{if } E \text{ then } E \text{ else } E \\ | \quad \text{let } x = E \text{ in } E \\ | \quad \text{read} \end{array}$$